## **EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE PLAN**

## **Child Care or Before and After School Program Template**

PLAN DEVELOPED BY:		DATE:		
PROGRAM ADDRESS: EMAIL: DIRECTOR NAME: EMERGENCY CONTACT:				
		DIRECTOR PHONE NUMBER:  EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER:  NUMBER OF STAFF EMPLOYED:		
EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORM				
Program	Name	Phone	E-mail	
Medical Emergency		911		
Police		911		
Fire		911		
Hospital				
Poison Control				
Insurance				
Out-of-area contact person  Near evacuation site contact				
Far evacuation site contact				
Child care licensing specialist				
Child Protection Services				
<b>Local Emergency Management</b>				
Electric/gas company				
Water company				
<b>Building inspector</b>				
Plumber				
1. LOCATION OF EMERGENCY IT	EMS			
□ Daily list of children attendir	ng the program:			
☐ Children's emergency conta	ct information:			
☐ Emergency supplies:				
☐ Location of building water sl	hut off:			
☐ Location of building electrication	al/gas shut off:			
2. EVACUATION PLAN				
An evacuation plan is developed	to assist staff in evacua	ting in an efficient manner	and should include:	
$\hfill\Box$ Roles and responsibilities of	staff members in evacua	ating children and keeping	them safe	
☐ Location of exit doors				
☐ Directions for exiting the bui	lding			
$\hfill\Box$ Items staff should take with	them when evacuating (	(emergency phone number	rs; list of children present; etc	
☐ Location where staff and chi	Idren are to meet once o	outside		

The program evacuation plan includes the following:
3. ACCOMMODATIONS OF VULNERABLE PERSONS
A child care or school age program is responsible for many persons who may not be able to evacuate on their own. Preplanning for more vulnerable persons helps ensure everyone is evacuated safely. Special consideration should be pre-planned for:
Infants and toddlers (as applicable):
Children or staff with a disability:
Children or staff with a chronic medical condition:
4. ALTERNATIVE LOCATIONS
A major piece of an emergency plan is having a safe place to take the children should the building become unsafe. Choose two alternative locations; one location should be within the community that children and staff can walk to. The other should be outside the community should that immediate area be unsafe.
<ul> <li>Evacuation Site – Near (within walking distance of the program):</li> <li>Name of facility</li> </ul>
Address or location of facility
Contact person(s)
Site phone number Cell phone number
Have you reviewed the licensing checklist to ensure the facility is safe for children?
2. Evacuation Site – Far (outside the program community)
Name of facility
Address or location of facility
Contact person(s)
Phone number Cell phone number
Has facility been reviewed using licensing checklist to ensure it's safe for children?

## **5. SHELTER-IN-PLACE**

At times when children and staff are unable to leave the facility, such as a tornado, the program needs a plan to shelter-in-place. The space used for sheltering-in-place should have access to a restroom; limited access to the outside; locks on all windows and doors; protection over windows; and access to emergency supplies.

☐ The process for she	eltering-in-place is: _		
6. EMERGENCY SUPPL	IES		
items used to meet the following location	e needs of children ir	mmodate several children in a small n care on a daily basis. The emergen , and include	cy supplies are kept in the
following suggested it	ems (as applicable):		
<ul><li>□ infant formula</li><li>□ toilet paper</li><li>□ disposable cups</li><li>□ diapers and wipes</li></ul>		<ul> <li>□ weather radio with batteries</li> <li>□ relocation site agreements</li> <li>□ non-perishable food items</li> <li>□ extra children's clothing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ parent contact information</li> <li>□ hand sanitizers</li> <li>□ flashlight and batteries</li> <li>□ medical releases for children</li> </ul>
7. LOCK-DOWN PROC	EDURES		
of the director or publ drill in which the occup windows are secured t	ic safety personnel, t pants of a building ar to ensure no one ent	essing, disturbance, or any situation of the center is to have plans for a locker erestricted to the interior of the busers or leaves the facility until it is safe.	down. A lockdown drill means a ilding and the building doors and te to do so.
	es for lock-down incl	lude:	
8. COMMUNICATION	DI AN		
		needs of the children in care is the p	priority for staff. Communicating
	· ·	ocal emergency managers prior to a	,
how to notify parents emergency.	when an emergency	arrives, allows staff to concentrate o	on the children during an
□ Parents will be notif	ied by (phone tree, so	ocial media, an auto text or email, et	tc.):
☐ The emergency plan	is shared with paren	ts (how, when, how often):	
☐ All staff are trained o	on the emergency pla	an (how, when, how often):	
☐ The emergency plan	is practiced with sta	ff and children (how, when, how oft	
□ Plan is shared with:	(local emergency ma	nagers, fire department or local Red	Cross):

9. REUNIFICATION OF CHILDREN WITH FAMILIES
After an emergency, the program will do the following to assist in reuniting children and their parents:
10. RE-OPENING AFTER AN EMERGENCY
Items to consider or actions taken prior to re-opening the program after an emergency include:
<ul> <li>Have a professional inspection of the facility and repair any damage.</li> <li>Restore meal service</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Contact the licensing specialist to conduct a review of the facility to ensure all regulations are met.</li> </ul>
The plan for re-opening after an emergency includes:
Documentation of Emergency Preparedness Drills
and Staff Training/Review of Plan
Current Year
Emergency Preparedness Plan Annual Review Date:
Four Fire Drill Dates:
Annual Tornado Drill Date:
Current Year
Emergency Preparedness Plan Annual Review Date:
Four Fire Drill Dates:
Annual Tornado Drill Date:

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